YOUNG ENOUGH TO BE PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 18, 1806.

## COUNSEL OUTLINES PLAN OF DEFENSE FOR ITALIAN GIRL

Driven to Kill by Brutality of Her Aunt and Uncle.

#### JUDGMENT OF ALMIGHTY

Ex-Judge Palmieri Makes Opening Presentation in Murder Case.

NEW YORK, May 18.-Ex-Judge John Palmieri made his opening address to-day to the jury that is to decide the fate of Josephine Terranova, the young girl wife charged with the murder of her aunt and uncle, Gaetano and Concetta Reggio. Before Mr. Palmieri began Juror Longhurst handed a letter to Justice Scott, which he had received in the morning mail, but it was not read. The letter was written on the Hotel Martha Washington paper.

Opening by the declaration that he did not want the jury to acquit Josephine on sympathy, Mr. Palmieri said:

"As an individual, I would say that the people have not established their case. Don't you believe that her uncle and aunt, who testified yesterday, were keeping back a secret, the greatest seeret of this girl's life. Don't you believe they could have told us, had they de sired to tell the truth.

"The prosecution have chosen to try on the charge of murdering her aunt, but the crime of that aunt, in her treatment of this girl, was blacker far blacker than the act of this girl in killing her. This woman opened the door through which this young girl was sent to her doom. So it is a case of woman against woman, both of whom were human monsters.

#### Struck Down by the Almighty.

"In the course of this trial I shall no even object to having appear the last words of her uncle as he was struck down, not by the hand of this girl, but by the hand of God, yes, by the hand

by the hand of God, yes, by the hand of Almighty God."

Mr. Palmieri then told how in Josephine's childhood in Italy a letter came to her mother from Gaetano Regio, asking that she come to New York to live with him. Before Gaetano had come to this country he had acted as Josephine's Godfather.

"When she came to live with Reggio."

when she came to live with Reggio," continued Mr. Palmieri, "she was made to slave. She made the beds for twelve men and did the cooking for twelve men. And when she was taken ill with a fever and weakness from this slavery she went to her aunt and fell on her knees and said:
"'I can't d. A.

and said:

"I can't do this work any longer, Why can't do this work any longer, Why should I do the work of three women?"

"Then her aunt turned upon her and struck her in the face, almost breaking a cheek bone, as I shall prove by physicians who attended her. But this is not the only crime that I shall tell you of. I shall tell you of many crimes you will hear from this circumstant.

#### Vilely Abused by Uncle.

slaved and slaved her aunt surprised her by telling her to go to her room and go to bed, and her uncle was in that room. In a short time this girl came

mother about her vile treatment in Reggio home.

"Her mother went to the Reggio home to demand her daughter's return. The door was closed and locked. When Reggio opened it, he asked: "'What do you want?"

"I want my daughter,' said the mother.

#### SUES DISTRICT FOR \$5,000.

Anna Bradshaw today sued the District to recover \$5,000 as damages for J. Cleaves, superintendent of the Camalleged personal injuries. She alleges she fell over an iron pipe on the side-

#### THE WEATHER REPORT.

The barometric conditions have not changed materially in the last twenty-four hours, except that pressure has fallen considerably in the St. Lawrence valley and New England. The south Atlantic area of high pressure is slowly

Atlantic area of high pressure is slowly giving way.

Showers have fallen in New England, eastern New York, the middle Mississippi valley, North Dakota, and locally in eastern Texas.

Temperatures continue high in the East and South, but there has been a sharp fall in the Missouri valley and the plains States.

Fair weather is indicated for tonight

TEMPERATURE.

THE SUN. Sun sets today Sun rises tomo

TIDE TABLE

GIRL WIFE ON TRIAL



Why, one day, after this girl had Josephine Terranova, From Photograph Taken in Court.

## running to her aunt and told her what had happened. And this aunt replied: "Why, that's nothing. You must do what your uncle told you to do." Then Mr Plamieri told of unspeakable crimes and abuses to which poor little Josephine was subjected. He told how strong a brute her uncle was, and how Josephine had told doctors, friends, and her mother about her vile treatment.

Railroad Official's Poor Memory on Witness Stand.

mother.

"You can't have her,' said the uncle, and he slammed the door in the face of Josephine's mother.

"And think, gentlemen, that this girl was only twelve years old when she was forced to live that life of horror."

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—Again this morning the searchlight of investigation, directed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, probed deep into the private deals of the railroad superin-PHILADELPHIA, May 18.-Again this merce Commission, probed deep into the private deals of the railroad superintendents who are heavy stockholders in

Beyond the fact of learning that C. bria and Clearfield railroad, was the holder of 250 shares in a mining firm, walk near the corner of Maryland avenue and Eleventh steet southwest, February 15 last, and fractured one of her elbows. J. J. Darlington and W. C. Sultivan are named as counsel for the plaintiff. sat in his chair he directed many nerv-tolerable. They allege that their com-

> first question. "Yes, sir, I did." "Did you buy it or was it given to

"I can't just recall how I got it."
"Yes you can. Just think a little,"
advised Mr. Glasgow.

Unable to Account for All. After a moment's reflection Mr. Shep- ONLY CHILD JANITOR'S "Part of the stock I am positive I

ought but really I cannot account for "Now Mr. Sheppard, don't you think it rather odd that a man should get so of the much stock and be unable to tell where sheets,"

"Well, that is just my case," was the "Did you eve "Did you ever receive any money from a railroad, mine, or coal selling com-

pany?"
"Yes, often within the last twelve years checks were presented to me. Why they were given to me I cannot recollect." ecollect."
"Tell me where the Logan mine is lo-

"I don't know."
"Ever hear of the town of Beaver-dale, Pa?"
"No."

## ANARCHIST BERKMAN FREE AFTER SERVING 14 YEARS FOR TRYING TO KILL FRICK

No Regret for His Action, And No Enmity Toward His Intended Victim, But Compares Himself to Brutus.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 18 .- After fourteen years of imprisonment, Alexander Berkman, the anarchist who shot and injured H. C. Frick in his private office, on Fifth avenue, this city, on July 22, 1892, stepped from the shadow of the Allegheny county workhouse this morning at 8:15 o'clock, and took a deep, grateful inhalation of the eweet, fresh air.

WILL GC TO THE WEST.

With no regrets for his action, with | whether any hatred against that caprace of life, in which he has to over-

made to him seven years ago, he said by accepting the terms of which he claims he could have been granted in-stant freedom through a pardon. Just later at the proper time. But the terms offered him were of such a nature, he said, that no self-respecting and sound-principled man could have accepted Therefore he spurned the offer.

Claims Plot to Kill Him 'n Prison. There had been an arrangement to murder him in the western penitentiary, he said, and his treatment both at that nstitution and at the workhouse was marked by great inhumanity, he alleges. But he spoke in glowing terms of the kind actions of several of the prison authorities, whose kindly offices did much to keep up his spirits and make him able to bear up during his

confidence in the future, and with a stalist slumbered in him, and answered etermination to win out finally in the "No, the incident is a closed one," "No, the incident is a closed one," said Berkman. "The great strike is over. But I don't want to say that my ment, he bowed, with a grave smile to attempt to shoot him was inconsiderate, county officials, detectives, and or the result of a rash impulse, or due n wspaper representatives who were to the unusual excitement of the try-waiting to greet him, and then went ing moment. No, it was not that at all. with them to the Claremont station to take a train that was to bear him to his friends and a new life of liberty. He is visiting friends today and will leave for St. Louis late this afternoon.

A startling fact was brought out by Berkman this morning. Overtures were made to him seven years ago, he said

Loves His Fellow-Man.

"My position was something like that Brutus," he went on, "It was not what these terms were he refused to that I loved Frick less, but that I loved state caving that he will tell of them my country and my fellowman. How my country and my fellowman. How well I remember it all. The very dates are indelibly stamped upon my heart. On July 22, I fired the shots and the case was so quickly railroaded through the courts that I was sentenced the fol-

the courts that I was sentenced the following September, on the 19th,
"Why, I knew what I was doing when I performed the act. I loved my own life, too, of course, but I loved that of my country more. All this may sound rather strange to you fellows; but it is the truth. That deliberate act was undertaken to right wrongs. But the conditions that existed at that time no longer exist. And that is all there is to be said about the matter."

A rather unusual thing was the shaving completely of Berkman's head this morning. This was for the reason that the police and detectives of the country may be able to keep track of his doings for the next year. There are many other marks of identification that can be used, and the police are sure that the anarchist can be located at any time during his life if he is wanted.

talk this morning proved that he no longer has enemity against Mr. Frick.

## GATES' \$1,300,000 OFFER FOR A PORT

House Committee on Ways Weather Forecaster Supplies and Means Dazed by the Calm Tender.

each representing business interest running into the millions, appeared to-lay before the House Committee on Ways and Means and dazed that hono able body with their efforts to give

The hearing was to determine whether Port Arthur, Tex., or Sabine Pass, Tex., should be made a port of

John W. Gates stepped calmly to the foot of the committee table and an-nounced in suave and dulcet tones that he was authorized by the Kansas City Southern railroad to offer to give the Government a tide water canal at Port Arthur, which should cost \$1,300,000, provided the Government would pass a bill making Port Arthur a port of entry. At this the Hon. Sereno Payne closed his eyes and apparently passed away

his eyes and apparently passed away for a few seconds.

He waked up, however, when Mr. Kuntze administered another shock by saying that he was authorized by large business interests in Sabine Pass to present to the Kansas City Southern railroad a terminal site at Sabine Pass free of charge if the Government would make that town a port of entry.

This was too much for the committee, and it adjourned, the members leaving the room as if walking in a dream.

#### NURSES AT HOSPITAL STRIKE AND WALK OUT

OIL CITY, Pa., May 18 .- A unique strike was inaugurated here when the tendent of the United Railways of New thirteen nurses at the Oil City Hospi-Jersey, was summoned, testimony of a tal walked out, alleging that harsh more sensational nature was adduced. treatment by the superintendent, Miss Mr. Sheppard was ill at east and as he Hester Page, made their positions inous glances toward the commissioners.
"Mr. Sheppard, did you ever get any stock from mine companies?" was the ing them an opportunity to investigate.

The institution contains twenty-eight nationts, and the directors immediately got trained nurses from other places to take the positions of the strikers, and tonight the hospital has a full force of help. None of the patients suffered on ccount of the walkout.

## MERCURY CLIMBS, PEOPLE SWELTER

Another Hot Day for Washington.

Twelve Hot Hours

Midnight ..... 70 1 a. m. ..... 67 2 a. m. ..... 63 4 a. m. ..... 63 5 a. m. ..... 64 6 a. m. ..... 67 7 a. m. ..... 70 8 a. m. ...... 76 9 a. m. ..... 80 10 a. m. ..... 85 11 a. m. ..... 87

Up, up, up, went the mercury of the Weather Bureau thermometer today un-til pulm-leaf fans were a necessary ad-junct to one's attire, and a straw hat a thing to be prized.

Everybody knows that a more con-servative bit of a thing doesn't exist in all the world than the Weather Bureau hermometer, and it's got to be genu inely hot before the mercury will deign to move above the S mark. It has no time for the things that other mercuries do, and so goes along a path all its own and thereby attracts considerable This same notoriety has impelled this little thermometer to do some rather strange things, anyhow, but the strangest of all was its performance yesterday and a good sized repetition of it

Last night at midnight folks who had power over rates. gone to bed leaving every window in the room open and supplying themselves with scant cover began to get busy closing blinds and reaching out for a little more cover. The thermometer was then at 70. An hour later it went to 67, and four degrees drop was noticed at 2 o'clock this morning. At 3 it reached its lowest point, when 62 was registered. Then it began to climb. Four

nelp. None of the patients suffered on account of the walkout.

ONLY CHILD JANITOR'S

IN TWENTY-FOUR FLATS

CHICAGO, May 18.—There has been one "quitter" among the enumerators of the school census. "Here are your sheets," she said to the supervisor. The name of only one child was written there.

"I've worked all day long," she said, "and I've written one name and I've earned one cent. No more census taking for me, if you please."

It was a fashionable apartment building for me, if you please."

It was a fashionable apartment building to which the woman went first. Two hours later she left the building after visiting twenty-four flats. In all the twenty-four apartments there was not to be found one child. It was the jamitor who saved the day for her and made possible the collection of one cent.

The name of only one child was written there was not to be found one child. It was the jamitor who saved the day for her and made possible the collection of one cent.

"UNCLE JOE" CANNON, Friends Are About to Launch His Boom in Earnest.

# SENATE ADOPTS

Words "In Its Judgment" Stricken From Rate Bill, 50 to 24.

In the Senate today the amendment offered by Senator Teller to strike from the rate bill the words "in its judg-ment," was carried, 50 to 24. Practically all the Democrats voted in favor of the amendment, the exceptions

being Clark of Arkansas, Gearin, Lati-As the bill stood before amendment

merce Commission of the matter of fix-Court Review Amendment Adopted. When the Senate reached the court re-

sible a discussion by the Interstate Com-

view amendment of the Allison romise, it was adopted without debate The remaining sections of the Allison

The remaining sections of the Allison compromise were also adopted, including the provision against injunction without due notice and hearing.

The "in its judgment" phrase of the bill was opposed by the constitutional lawyers on the ground that it would render the bill unconstitutional, while the Administration Republicans and the members of the commission held that unless it remained in the law the commission would be given no effective power over rates.

Phrase Considered Necessary.

Senator Long, in the course of his re marks, sent to the desk a letter he had just received from Commissioner Prouty. Judge Prouty had been asked the commissioner's view of the effect of the three words in dispute. He explained in his reply that in his opini which he was confident was also the opinion of all his associates of the com-mission, the words "in its judgment," conferring on the commission the dis-cretionary power of fixing rates, were necessary in view of the adoption of the Allison court review amendment.

WENHAM AGAIN ARRESTED.

NEW YORK, May 18 .- Charles F. Wenham, accused on several charges the Canadian Pacific railroad, of which agent in Chicago was re-arrested in the Federal building today on a new indictment against him found in Cook

To Baltimore and Return, \$1,25, Via Pennsylvania Railroad, every Sat-urday and Sunday. All regular trains except the "Corgressional Limited." Tick-ets good to raturn until Sunday night,

THE LEGALITY OF

## Washington Company In Congress.

A bill was introduced in the House issuing \$2,000,000 on certificates of in-debtedness of the company and deliver- him. ing them to its stockholders as a

In introducing the bill, Mr. Adams gave notice that it was done by request.
In the preamble of the bill it is declared that a bill introduced in the Fiftythat a bill introduced in the Fiftyseventh Congress authorizing the Washington Gaslight Company to purchase
the Georgetown Gaslight Company failed to pass, and that the authority requested by the Washington Gaslight
Company concerning the increase of its
capital stock as provided for in that
bill was not granted by authority of
Congress.

publicans, deserves the nomin
the Presidency. His long recor
tinguished service in the House
as a party leader and a con
statesman, will be pointed to at
antee that he is more than que
the berth in the White House.
But the author of the speecl
preparation is not the only

#### Issued After Adjournment.

Standing the failure on the part of said ered in the House, there will be such a demonstration in favor of the Cannon Washington Gaslight Company to obtain from Congress the desired legislation, the said company proceeded, sub-sequent to the adjournment of the sequent to the adjournment of the Fifty-seventh Congress, and after said company's failure to procure the said legislation of Congress to create an indebtedness of the said company by issuing \$2.600.000 of certificates of indebtedness bearing 6 per cent interest, and delivered the same to the stockholders of said company as a gratuity, without any warrant or authority of law or authority under the charter of said company."

Court to Determine.

Therefore, it is requested in the bill that the Attorney General immediately institute a suit in the District Suof the Washington Gaslight Company, a mally and ceremoniously launch the corporation doing business within the Presidential boom, and to let it go out District of Columbia, in Issuing \$2,500,000 to the consciousness of the entire coun-of certificates of indebtedness of said try as an already mature thing, backed of certificates of indebtedness of said company and delivering the same gratuitously to its stockholders according to the respective shares of stock hold by them, was an act or were acts not authorized by law and in excess of the corporate rights, privileges, franchises and powers of said company performed by it as a corporation within the District of Columbia, and whether or not the said company in issuing and delivering the said certificates of indebtedness gratuitously to its stockholders exercised within the District of Columbia corporate rights, privileges, powers, and orporate rights, privileges, powers, and anchises not granted to the said comany by the laws in force in the Disciplet of Columbia." franchises not graded to the said company by the laws in force in the District of Columbia,"

Mr. Adams could not be found this afternoon either at the Capitol or at his residence to make known at whose request he introduced the bill. It was referred to the Committee on the Judiany.

#### DIAMOND PIN DISAPPEARED.

Charged with stealing a diamond scarfpin valued at \$40 from the pocket of A. L. Singar, a tailor, at Thirteenth and D streets northwest, William M. Watson, alias Bielaski, was held under \$500 bonds for the action of the grand jury, after a preliminary examination in the Police Court this morning.

## TO BE SET GOING IN HOUSE SPEECH

Presidential Bee About to Light on "Uncle Joe's" Bonnet.

WILL NOT HEAR TO "NO"

Friends Preparing to Make Formal Announcement of Speaker's Candidacy.

"Uncle Joe"

Born Guilford, N. C., May 7, 1886. State's attorney in Illinois, 1861. Member of Congress 1873 to 1891. Again a member, 1893 to 1906. Chairman Appropriations Com-

mittee in Fifty-fifth, Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh Congresses. Speaker of the House in Fifty. eighth and Fifty-ninth Con-

The Cannon Presidential bee, which has been buzzing for the past few months, is ready to alight. Within the next two or three weeks a set speech will be delivered from the floor of the House intended to formally launch a boom for Joseph G. Cannon, Speaker of tne House of Representatives, as the next President of the United States. This speech is now being carefully prepared. It will go into every phase of the arguments for and against the proposed candidacy of Mr. Cannon, and it is the conviction of its author that it will show without qualification the fitness of the Speaker for the exalted place of President.

In the speech there will be much reference to men who have served their countries well and constantly after passing the seventy-year mark. There will be reference to Bill to Proceed Against Bismarck, Disraeli, Gladstone, and all the other "grand old men" who wrought well and accomplished much long after they were well past the mark of three-score years and

Probably, also, there will be reftoday by Mr. Adams of Wisconsin. di-recting that the Attorney General of the United States be authorized to bring suit in the Supreme Court of the Dis-tainty that the Speaker is just in rict to determine the legality of the act his prime, with the promise of the Washington Gaslight Company in many years of usefulness before

More Than Qualified for Office.

Going further, the speech will attempt to show that Mr. Cannon, more than any other man in the ranks of the Republicans, deserves the nomination for the Presidency. His long record of distinguished service in the House, always as a party leader and a constructive statesman, will be pointed to as a guar-

But the author of the speech now in preparation is not the only one concerned in the matter. It now seems Continuing, the bill says: "Notwith- certain that, when the speech is delivboom as has seldom been seen in all the recalled today that demonstrations have already been made on the floor of the House to emphasize the conviction of for the Presidency. Notably, such a de-monstration was made at the close of the last Congress. The Speaker was presented with a handsome souvenir of the winter's work, and, while the speech of presentation was being made, some reference was voiced to the fact that the Speaker ought to be made President. anis was welcomed with an outburst of applause that lasted several minutes.

Intended as Formal Notice.

This idea of the fitness of the Speakpreme Court, "for the purpose of hav- er for the chair in the White House is, ing it judiciously determined by said therefore, not at all new, but the speech purt whether or not the act or acts now in preparation is intended to for-

up and supported by the membership of the House. Those who are interested in the speech and the boom are confident that it will be "all to the good" for the Speaker, and that the indorsement he will receive that day will go a long, long way toward landing him in the Executive Mansion.

Friends Won't Listen to "No."

Deaf to his protestations, they intend rate of speed on its journey on the sea of national politics. Oblivious to the strident calls of other possible candidates, they are convinced that "Uncle Joe" will sweep the country into his hold. Refusing to allow him to deny himself such an honor as the Presidency, they will make him take it whatever he may say on the subject